

sea.

Extend skills of changing fabric through dyeing,

rolling, twisting and applique.

Welwyn St Mary's Primary School



Art- Textiles and collage

Art Textiles and conage			
Торіс:			Year 6
What should I know already Textiles- Uses a range of plaiting, pinning, stitching & sewing techniques.		Vocabulary Try to remember these key words and their meanings	
N.C. KS2- To improve their mastery of art and design techniques with a range of materials. What will I know at the end of the unit?			
	·		
Certain colours and textures complement each other.	Experiments with soft sculpture, cuts, joins, patterns and embellishing.	Smocking	Is an embroidery technique used to gather fabric so that it can stretch.
Plain cloth may be altered, manipulated and enhanced in a variety of ways- Basic skills must be mastered and built upon in order to achieve a	Printing, dying, weaving, stitching, textures, embroidering. Neatness and accuracy are essential.	Ruching	Is a gathered overlay of fabric strips that are pleated, fluted, or gathered together to create a ripple-like effect.
		Batik	The process uses dye-resistant wax to create elaborate patterns and designs, and the wax is then washed to reveal the batik pattern
		Embellish	
		Accentuate	
		Enhance	
		Detract	
successful result-		Practicality	
		Aesthetic	
Colours and images from nature can be used as a starting point.		Manipulation	www.shutterstock.com 1336212469
Investigate		Diagrams	
Collect ideas for work in sketchbooks- including photographs, colour swatches and combinations of textiles. Engage in opportunities to increase awareness of colour, pattern, shape and texture by manipulating and combining textiles- soft sculpture in a range of matching tones to convey an abstract image of the			