



Reading

Believe and Achieve

Year 4				
What should I know already				
See our document outlining reading progression. • asks increasingly informed questions to improve understanding of a text e.g. 'I wonder if this is like because (linking to other texts)', 'Perhaps he did that because (linking own experiences/that of other characters)' • comments on use of language using terminology including alliteration, rhythm, rhyme, simile • uses dictionaries independently to check meaning of new vocabulary	"The more that you read , the more things you will know. The more that you learn, the more places you'll go." Dr Seuss Some key reading skills to be developed further are stated below. These will support you in becoming effective and reflective independent readers. For more detailed information see the reading progression document.			
What will I know at the end of the year? I will be able to:				
 Develop skills in all the key reading skill areas. listens to the opinions of others and adjusts own thinking/understanding where appropriate expresses personal preferences regarding the work of significant authors/poets explains similarities and differences with own experiences 	Vocabulary Retrieving finding information from a book	 notes examples of descriptive language and explains the mood or atmosphere they create notices key words and phrases used to convey passing of time to introduce paragraphs or chapters recognises the introduction, build- up, climax or conflict and resolution in narrative retrieves information from text 		
 Questions to help develop reading comprehension Vocabulary Question Find two words which describe the setting What other words could the author use to describe the main character? How has the author's choice of words made you feel about a character? 	Summarising	 where there is competing (distracting) information explains and justifies an opinion on the resolution of an issue/whole narrative summarises the main ideas of a non-fiction text 		
 character? Why? Retrieval Questions Where does the story take place? Who are the characters in the book? Through whose eyes is the story told? When is the story set? What evidence can you find to justify this? Summarising Questions What's the main point in the first paragraph? Summarise the main events in the story so far. What is the most important sentence in the last section you read? Explain your reasons Explain what happened on the last page you read in twelve words or less. Inference Questions How does the main character feel in the book? How do you know? How was the setting the author chose important to the story? Explain your view. Why has the character acted in the way they have? What clues suggest this? What lesson did the character learn? 	Inferring making assumptions about what is happening in a text from what you know	 identifies techniques used by the author to persuade the reader to feel sympathy or dislike justifies opinions of particular characters distinguishes between fact and opinion makes deductions about the motives and feelings that might lay 		
	Analysing	 behind characters' words analyses how the structure of non- fiction relates to its purpose e.g. how the points in a persuasive speech lead you to the author's viewpoint analyses how poetry is structured and its effect on the reader exemplifies the move between generalisations and specific information 		
 Prediction Questions Using the front cover, what do you think this book will be 	Authorial Intent	• understands how authors use a variety of sentence constructions		
about? Why? -What might happen next in the story?What challenges do you think the characters might face? What information suggests this?	Comparing	comments on differences between what characters say and what they		
 Language Questions What adjectives has the author used to describe the main character? What does this tell you about their personality? Which words do you like best from the last section you read? Why? Find an example of figurative language in the text (simile, metaphor, personification)- what effect does this create? 	Predicting	 predicts on the basis of mood or atmosphere how a character will behave in a particular setting 		

Class Readers	The Iron Man TED HUGHES	Some other books u Diary of a Wombat Salt in his Shoes - Michael Jordan	sed throughout the year: Liary of a Wombat - Jackie French A Dark Dark Tale - Ruth Brown The four of the second seco
Cross-Curricular -	example reads	Poetry	
The Romans The Water Cycle	Vocabulary haikus A Japanese poem of seventeen		
<image/>	haikus	syllables, in three lines of five, seven, and five. The repetition of the same sound at	
	alliteration	the beginning of words in a phrase or sentence. "She shears sheep" is an example of alliteration.	
	repetition	Repetition is a literary device that repeats the same words or phrases a few times to make an idea clearer and	
	simile	more memorable. A simile is a figure of speech that makes a comparison, showing similarities between two different	
NOW DOES MATTER CHARGES	personification	things. Uses the words "like" or "as." Personification is when you give an animal or object qualities or abilities that only a human can have.	
	Silly Verse for kids Spike Milligan	IF Not For the Cat	
How to help See the links on our		Useful web links	
	and record in the Reading d about what they have	www.booktrust.org.uk www.bbc.co.uk/education/schools www.childliteracy.com www.readingrockets.org	

